

兔抗 CD1E 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 CD1E 多克隆抗体

英文名称： Anti-CD1E rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名： R2; CD1A

相关类别： 一抗

储存： 冷冻（-20℃） 避光

宿主： Rabbit

抗原： CD1E

反应种属： Human

标记物： Unconjugate

克隆类型： Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:

This gene encodes a member of the CD1 family of transmembrane glycoproteins, which are structurally related to the major histocompatibility complex (MHC) proteins and form heterodimers with beta-2-microglobulin. The CD1 proteins mediate the presentation of primarily lipid and glycolipid antigens of self or microbial origin to T cells. The human genome contains five CD1 family genes organized in a cluster on chromosome 1. The CD1 family members are thought to differ in their cellular localization and specificity for particular lipid ligands. The protein encoded by this gene localizes within

	<p>Golgi compartments, endosomes, and lysosomes, and is cleaved into a stable soluble form. The soluble form is required for the intracellular processing of some glycolipids into a form that can be presented by other CD1 family members. Many alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described. Additional transcript variants have been found; however, their biological validity has not been determined.</p>
Applications:	WB
Name of antibody:	CD1E
Immunogen:	Synthesized peptide derived from internal of human CD1E.
Full name:	CD1e molecule
Synonyms :	R2; CD1A
SwissProt:	P15812
WB Predicted band size:	44 kDa
WB Positive control:	Huvec cells and HepG2 cells lysates
WB Recommended dilution:	500-3000

